

# Office Security @ UA

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## Data security is built on five key principles:

1. **TAKE STOCK.** Know what personal information you have in your files and on your computers.
  - Inventory computers, laptops, flash drives, CDs – anywhere you and your department stores sensitive data.
  - Remember that your department receives personal information in a number of ways, so keep this in mind as you perform your inventory.
  
2. **SCALE DOWN. Keep only what you need for your college or department.**
  - Use Social Security numbers only for required and lawful purposes.
  - Shorten or truncate electronically printed credit card information.
  - Do not keep credit card information unless you have a need for it, and follow the disposal guidelines required by law.
  - Check default settings on software that reads credit card information or other personal information.
  
3. **LOCK IT. Protect the information that you keep.**
  - Store paper documents and portable media in a locked room or locked file cabinet.
  - Put files away, log off computers, and lock file cabinets and office doors when you are going to be away for your desk or office.
  - Encrypt confidential and regulated data.
  - Don't share passwords.
  
4. **PITCH IT. Properly dispose of what you no longer need.**
  - Comply with disposal policy guidelines (see [HTTP://RMAA.ARIZONA.EDU](http://RMAA.ARIZONA.EDU)).
  - Shred paper documents that contain sensitive information.
  - "Wipe" old computers and portable storage devices of all sensitive information before disposing of them.
  
5. **Plan Ahead. Create a plan for responding to security incidents.**
  - All departments should follow the Incident Handling standard (IS-S1100) and guideline (IS-G1100), found at [UA Information Security's website](#).

\*\* Adapted from the FTC's "Protecting Personal Information: A Guide for Business"